

EMERGENCY SUPPORT FUNCTION #16

MILITARY SUPPORT

Primary Agency:

Tooele County Emergency Management

Support Agencies:

Tooele County Sheriff's Office

Utah National Guard (UNG)

Tooele City Police Department

Utah Highway Patrol

Grantsville City Police Department

Tooele Army Depot (TEAD)

Deseret Chemical Depot (DCD)

Dugway Proving Ground (DPG)

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of Emergency Support Function 16 (ESF #16) is to address coordination of military resources once activated during or after a major or catastrophic incident. ESF #16 can provide personnel and resources to support preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation in support of the primary emergency management objectives. ESF #16 resources are used when individual agencies are overwhelmed and County Emergency Management requests additional military support assistance.

II. CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS

A. GENERAL

1. In a major or catastrophic disaster, the Governor of the State of Utah may activate the Utah National Guard (UNG) so that assistance can be provided to the local community. All initial requests would be coordinated through the Logistics Section to the Utah Emergency Management (State EOC).
2. ESF #16 is organized consistent with the State Emergency Operations Center and the requirements of the National Response Plan, the National Incident Management System, and the Incident Command System in order to provide incident assessment, planning, procurement, deployment, coordination and support operations to Tooele County and State emergency management officials to assure a timely and appropriate response to an emergency/disaster event.

3. Dugway Proving Grounds (DPG), Tooele Army Depot (TEAD), Deseret Chemical Depot (DCD) and UNG have been active participants of the County's emergency operations organization for many years. These local representatives are knowledgeable of the working of the County Emergency Operations Center (EOC). However in an actual event, UNG Units from other areas of Utah may be deployed to Tooele County with assigned missions. The mission leader will make contact with the appropriate agency responsible for the mission.
Upon activation of the UNG is activated in Tooele County, they will supply a liaison to the county EOC to ensure communication and coordination.
4. Procedures protocols and plans for disaster response activities are developed to govern staff operations at the county EOC and in the field. These are in the form of this Emergency Operations Plan (EOP), corresponding Appendices, and Standard Operating Procedures, which describe ESF #16 responsibilities. Periodic training and exercises are also conducted to enhance effectiveness.
5. In a large event requiring, State, Federal or mutual aid assistance, ESF #16 will work with its support agency counterparts to seek and procure, plan, coordinate and direct the use of any required assets.
6. Throughout the response and recovery periods, ESF #16 will evaluate and analyze information regarding humanitarian, security request for response, develop and update assessments of the military support service situation and status in the impact area, and do contingency planning to meet anticipated demands or needs.
7. When an event is focused in scope to a specific type or response mode technical and subject matter expertise may be provided by an appropriate person(s) from a supporting agency with skills pertinent to the type of event, who will advise and/or direct operations within the context of the Incident Command System structure.

B. ORGANIZATION

1. Upon activation, primary and support agencies of ESF #16 will respond to the County EOC Operations Manager under the overall direction of the Emergency Management Director.
2. During the response phase, ESF #16 will evaluate and analyze information regarding military support service requests. Also, ESF #16 will develop and update assessments of the military support service status in the impact area and does contingency planning to meet anticipated demands and needs.
3. Military resources and Tooele Emergency Management will develop and maintain the overall ESF #16 Emergency Operations Plan and Standard Operating Procedures that govern response actions related to emergencies. However support agencies may develop and maintain their own similar documents for internal use, which must be compatible with and in support of the County EOP. All such documents will be in compliance with the National Response Framework (NRF), The National Incident Management System (NIMS), the Incident Command System (ICS) and this County EOP.

C. ALERTS/NOTIFICATIONS

1. When it has been determined that military resources are required to support emergency operations in the County, Tooele County will notify the point(s) of contact for ESF #16 through multiple methods.
2. Tooele County Emergency Management (CEM) as the lead coordinating agency will coordinate all activities of ESF #16.
3. Upon instructions to activate ESF #16, CEM will implement procedures to notify and mobilize all personnel, facilities, and physical resources likely to be needed, based on the emergency incident.

D. ACTIONS

Actions implemented by ESF #16 may be undertaken at any of the four phases of emergency management: preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation. Each phase requires specific skills and knowledge to accomplish and requires significant cooperation and collaboration between all supporting agencies and the intended recipients of service. ESF #16 encompasses a full range of activities from training to the provision of field services. It also functions as a coordinator and, at times, assumes direct operational control of provided services. The following services may be provided:

- Assessment of Military Support Service needs and potential impacts
- Military Support Service personnel
- Military Support Service equipment and supplies
- Humanitarian and Security support
- Evacuation
- Impact Assessment
- Search and Rescue
- Transportation of Supplies and Services
- Provide and Operate Generators
- Mass Feeding
- Comfort Stations
- Remove and Transport Debris
- Water Purification
- Base Camps for Emergency Workers
- Aviation Operations
- Law Enforcement and Security
- Engineer Support

- Civilian Acquired Skills
- Communications
- Clear Roads and Bridges
- Emergency Medical Support
- Emergency responder health and safety
- Radiological/chemical/biological hazards
- Mental health and crisis counseling for responders
- Military Support Service Public Information and risk communication
- Military Support Service Management, Command and control of assets
- Military Support Service activities related to terrorist threats and/or events
- Logistical Staging areas and Points of Distribution
- Catastrophic incident and alternate Military Support Service facility support

1. PREPAREDNESS

- a. Actions and activities that develop military support service response capabilities may include planning, training, orientation sessions, and exercises for ESF #16 personnel (i.e., County, State, Regional, and Federal) and other emergency support functions that will respond with ESF #16. This involves the active participation on inter-agency preparedness organizations, which collaborate in such activities on a regular basis.
- b. Military Support Service will jointly address planning issues on an ongoing basis to identify response zones, potential staging areas, potential critical facilities, and establish specialized teams.
- c. Coordinate planning with ESF #16 support agencies and other emergency support functions to refine operational objectives.
- d. Develop and refine procedures to be used in the following field surveys: Rapid Impact Assessment (i.e., recon), and other response service activities.
- e. Coordinate the training and exercise of EOC and response team members.
- f. Prepare and maintain emergency operating procedures, resource inventories, personnel rosters and resource mobilization information necessary for implementation of the responsibilities of the lead agency. Ensure lead agency personnel are trained in their responsibilities and duties.
- g. Develop and implement emergency response and military support service strategies.
- h. Develop and present training courses for ESF #16 personnel, provide information on critical facilities to the County Emergency Management and develop protocols for frequently provided services.
- i. Maintain liaison with support agencies.
- j. Participate in all hazards exercises involving ESF #16.
- k. Coordinate vulnerability analysis at critical facilities and make recommendations to improve the physical security.

2. RESPONSE

- a. Coordinate operations at the ESF #16 office in the County EOC and/or at other locations as required.
- b. Establish and maintain a system to support on-scene direction and control and coordination with County and State EOCs.
- c. Resource Management and Logistical Support.
- d. As tasked, prepare to deploy Impact Assessment Teams to impacted areas to perform Continuity of Operations essential functions.
- e. Mutual Aid procedures to assist with supporting issues related to a terrorist event.
- f. Military Support Services to support the security mission of a terrorist attack.
- g. Preposition response resources when it is apparent that military support resources will be necessary. Relocate military support resources when it is apparent that they are endangered by the likely impacts of the emergency situation.
- h. Monitor and direct military support resources and response activities.
- i. Participate in EOC briefings, Incident Action Plans, Situation Reports and meetings.
- j. Coordinate with support agencies, as needed, to support emergency activities.
- k. Military Support Services may assist with emergency response and security missions.
- l. Military Support Services may assist with humanitarian missions of threatened areas of the County.
- m. Obtain State resources through the Logistics Section; coordinate all resources into the affected areas from designated staging areas.
- n. Coordinate with other County ESFs to obtain resources and to facilitate an effective emergency response among all participating agencies.

3. RECOVERY

Prepare to conduct recovery missions as tasked by the County EOC, coordinating with the State EOC. ESF #16 personnel may function as coordinators, assessors, and operational personnel in support of EOC or field activities.

4. MITIGATION

- a. Provide personnel with the appropriate expertise to participate in activities designed to reduce or minimize the impact of potential hazards.

E. DIRECTION AND CONTROL

1. Resources deployed under ESF #16 will comply with the NRF, NIMS and will use the Incident Command System to manage emergency operations responsibilities. Federal military agencies serve as the focal point for ESF #16 activities and are responsible for ensuring that all appropriate program departments, support agencies, other Emergency Support Functions and other private voluntary agencies have knowledge about the system and ESF #16 expectations, as well as coordinate and cooperate efficiently during an event.
2. The ESF #16 system operates in two arenas; 1) the Tooele EOC; and 2) Field locations.
3. During emergency activations, all management decisions regarding County or regional response are made at the Tooele EOC by the ESF #16 commander.
4. A staffing directory and the ESF #16 Emergency Operations Plan, its accompanying Appendices and Standard Operating Procedures are maintained by the Utah National Guard with status of the call lists updated at least monthly and all other documents at least annually.
5. All military support field personnel coordinate all activities with ESF #16 Coordinator in the County EOC.

F. RESPONSIBILITIES

1. PRIMARY AGENCY – TOOELE COUNTY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

- a. Provide leadership in directing, coordinating and integrating overall County efforts to provide Military Support Service assistance to affected areas and populations.
 - Recon Mission
 - Security Support to State and Local Law Enforcement
 - Humanitarian Support
- b. Provide liaison to the County EOC to provide information and status reports to and from ESF #16 as to operational support being provided to the County EOC.
- c. All requests for UNG resources and support will go through the Logistics Section, but any pre-planning and pre-staging before State orders are processed will be accomplished utilizing the liaison as the ESF #16.
- d. Coordinate all ESF support agency activities and information for EOC briefings and Incident Action Plan development.

2. SUPPORT AGENCIES

- a. Support agencies will provide assistance to the ESF #16 with services, staff, equipment, and supplies that compliment the entire emergency response effort to accomplish the missions at hand in support of County response and recovery needs.
- b. Tooele County will provide EOC support, conduct briefings, direct needs assessments, distribute key information, and serve as liaison to the State EOC to request resources.
- c. Tooele County maintains copies of the UNG Operations Plans for military support to civil authorities and other military support organizations EOP's.

G. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

- 1. During a response, each agency/department is responsible for recording and tracking its own expenditures and seeking reimbursement from the appropriate resource after the event.
- 2. Disaster expenses will be summarized by all agencies and coordinated through their ESF's and provided to the Finance section for informational purposes only to document total disaster impacts to the community.

H. PRIMARY AND SUPPORT AGENCIES

Primary Agency	Function (See above for details)
Utah National Guard	<p>.. In the event that local police forces (including the National Guard operating under State control) are insufficient to adequately respond to a civil disturbance or other serious law enforcement emergency, the Governor may request, through the Attorney General, Federal military assistance under Title 10 U.S.C. Chapter 15.</p> <p>.. Under 10 U.S.C. Chapter 15, the President may federalize and deploy all or part of any State's National Guard. The President may also use the military to enforce Federal law or to protect constitutional rights. Pursuant to law, the President will ultimately determine whether to use the Armed Forces to respond to a domestic law enforcement emergency. Procedures for coordinating Department of Defense (DOD) and Department of Justice (DOJ) responses to law enforcement emergencies are set forth in DOD's civil disturbance contingency plans.</p> <p>.. Provide personnel to staff the EOC, Incident Command Post, JIC, as circumstances may require. Supporting agencies may be required to staff other interagency entities or facilities that may be established in the future</p> <p>.. Provide periodic reports as requested, regarding agency assets and response capabilities.</p>

	.. Provide technical subject-matter expertise, data, and staff support for operations, as may be requested by the primary agency.
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I. REFERENCES AND AUTHORITIES

- UNG Operations Plans Military Support to Civil Authorities
- Dugway Proving Grounds (DPG) Emergency Operations Plan
- Deseret Chemical Depot (DCD) Emergency Operations Plan
- Tooele Army Depot (TEAD) Emergency Operations Plan

State of Utah EOP Example



State of Utah Emergency Operations Plan



ESF #16

Military Support

Primary Agency: Utah National Guard

Support Agencies: As required

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Purpose

The purpose of Emergency Support Function #16 is to provide Military Support to the State of Utah in times of a major or catastrophic disaster and/or civil unrest.

B. Scope

The Utah National Guard (UTNG) will plan for, coordinate, and control military support to State government agencies and civil authorities in accordance with established laws, regulations and procedures.

II. POLICIES AND AUTHORITIES

The UTNG is the primary agency for ESF #16. The UTNG will provide Military Support to Civil Authorities in accordance with the existing UTNG Joint Operations Plan and all applicable military policies and regulations.

III. SITUATION AND ASSUMPTIONS

A. Situation

The Governor of Utah may call upon the UTNG to provide Military Assistance to

Civil Authorities. Primary responsibility for disaster response and relief remains with local/county/state/federal agencies. State/ federal agencies designated by statute, will respond, when the situation is so severe and widespread, and all civil resources have been exhausted, that effective response and support is beyond the capacity of local authorities to react.

B. Assumptions

1. When a local government (city/county/tribal) wishes to request National Guard assistance, it will declare a local emergency and notify the State Emergency Operations Center (EOC)/Governor that adequate response is beyond the capability of local government. In return the Governor will declare a State of Emergency to activate State of Utah resources. Local authorities will coordinate and forward all requests for assistance for State support to the State EOC and the Commissioner of Public Safety, as per National Incident Management System and National Response Framework.
2. The Governor, being the only release authority for National Guard elements, will issue a verbal or written executive order, authorizing all or select elements of the UTNG to be placed on State Active Duty (SAD) status. The State EOC will forward all state-validated requests for Military Support to the UTNG Joint Operations Center in the form of a mission request utilizing the Directorate of Military Support (DOMS).
3. The UTNG Joint Operations Center (JOC) will determine the appropriate National Guard resources necessary to support the request, and organize task force(s) or force package(s) that are capable of supporting the request. Military commanders will retain the authority to determine necessity, amount, types of personnel and equipment for the duration of support to be rendered.
4. The JOC will mobilize and deploy all state-activated units and personnel in support of the civilian Incident Commander. Army and Air National Guard forces, serving on either State Active Duty or under Title 32 status, will have the primary responsibility to provide military support to State and Local government agencies. Command and control of military personnel and resources always remains within military channels.
5. UTNG units and armory personnel within the proximity of an incident will not respond to direct official requests for assistance from local officials except to save life, limb, or to lessen the destruction of property. Therefore, unless a local/county/tribal/state request submitted to a local UTNG unit is a life or death situation, that local unit will refer request for support to the State EOC. The State EOC will then determine what asset or resource best accomplishes the task. After the UTNG is committed to a mission, the responding UTNG unit will be authorized to coordinate directly with the Incident Commander to accomplish objectives.
6. It is understood that UTNG forces are available for Department of Defense missions, both foreign and domestic, and may not be available for state requests. When 50% or more of UTNG forces have been tasked, the JDOMS office will inform State officials.

7. UTNG support will be furnished only if it is not in competition with the private sector or the civilian labor force.
8. Upon declaration of a State or Federal emergency, the Governor of Utah; through the State Coordinating Officer (SCO) may request additional Title 32 military support from other States through Emergency Management Assistance Compact (EMAC) or Federal Title 10 support from the United States Northern Command (NORTHCOM).
9. All UTNG units will potentially be activated under Title 10 Federal Status by a Presidential Declaration under Federal regulations/authority (i.e. Stafford Act). The President of the United States or the Secretary of Defense may authorize the employment of federalized Title 10 National Guard forces along with other Reserve and Active Component elements in support of domestic operations in accordance with NORTHCOM policies and regulations.
10. National Guard and Active Component military forces will generally establish and maintain parallel, but separate chains-of-command. However; in certain situations (e.g. National Special Security Events), the Governor of Utah and President of the United States, through the Secretary of Defense will authorize the UTNG to establish a dual-status Joint Task Force to provide command and control of both State and Federal military elements.

IV. CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS

A. Mission

Joint Forces Headquarters-Utah (JFHQ-UT) maintains trained and equipped forces as reserve components of the Active Components of the Army and Air Force, and performs missions in support of the President of the United States and Governor of the State of Utah. JFHQ-UT provides command and control of all assigned Army and Air National Guard forces. In accordance with policies and procedures established by the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Air Force, the JFHQ-UT will establish the capability to provide one or more joint task force command elements able to exercise command and control of Homeland Defense, National Guard Military Assistance to Civil Authorities, Disaster Relief Operations, and/or other domestic emergency missions in a State Active Duty (SAD), Title 32 or Title 10 status. In addition, the JFHQ-UT provides expertise and situational awareness to DoD authorities to facilitate integration of Federal and State activities.

B. Direction and Control

1. The President of the United States of America is the Commander-in-Chief of the UTNG when activated in a federalized status under Title 10 of the United States Code. The State Guard/Militia/Utah State Defense Force (USDF) may be ordered to provide support to civil authorities under Public Law 1076, "Use of the Armed Forces in Major Public Emergencies."
2. The Governor is the Commander-in-Chief of all Army and Air National Guard elements which are not on active federal service. The authority is derived from Article 1, Section 8, Clause 16, of the U.S. Constitution.

3. The Adjutant General of Utah: Command of the National Guard is exercised through the Governor's Adjutant General (TAG) or his/her designated military representative. Command and Control is administered through the Joint Force Headquarters-Utah Joint Operations Center (JFHQ-JOC) in accordance with National Guard Regulations and Joint Operations Plan. Mission assignments will be received, staffed and approved through the Adjutant General's Joint Operations Center. Mission tasking is through normal military channels.
4. Emergency Management Assistance Compact (EMAC): Out of state National Guard units and organizations will be under the Command and Control of the Adjutant General of Utah. In addition to the guidance outlined in the EMAC, additional coordination between National Guard units will be contained in established Memoranda of Agreement and Memoranda of Understanding.

C. General:

1. Concept of Operations

Primary responsibility for emergency response and disaster relief remains with local and/or state governments. The Governor, or his/her designated representative, directs the State response. National Guard personnel and equipment, at the direction of TAG-UT, will only be employed to support validated requests for assistance to support all ESFs as secondary support requirements. All local requests for military support go through the State EOC similar to emergency requests for State assistance. TAG-UT, or his/her designated representative, is the mission validation authority unless the mission requires employment of personnel under Title 32 of the US Code. National Guard assistance normally is provided when the following conditions exist:

- (a) The situation is so severe and widespread that effective response and support is beyond the capability of State and Local governments (city, county, tribal.) Assistance will be limited to tasks that, because of experience and the availability of organic resources, the National Guard can accomplish more effectively or efficiently than another agency in a given period of time.
- (b) And, required support is not available from commercial resources. National Guard support will not be furnished if it is in competition with private enterprise or the civilian labor force. National Guard resources may be used if commercial resources cannot be mobilized or employed quickly enough to effectively save human life, prevent human suffering, or lessen property damage or destruction. As soon as adequate commercial resources become available, National Guard resources will be withdrawn.

- (c) Or, any public works (ESF #3) is lost or withdrawn, and an immediate substantial threat to public health, safety, or welfare is evident. The National Guard may be called to restore and/or continue that public service support. It is desirable that supervisors, managers, and key personnel of the public service be available to provide technical assistance to National Guard personnel. In the absence of key public service personnel, the Utah DEM will coordinate with the appropriate civil authorities to perform the mission within the ESF's capabilities of the National Guard. The capability of the National Guard to assist in the restoration/continuation of public services depends primarily on the degree of military or civilian skills possessed by National Guard personnel.

2. Executive Order

Upon the issuance of an Executive Order and prior to an imminent disaster, TAG-UT, will mobilize and stage UTNG personnel and equipment, as necessary, to restore/preserve law and order, support the committed elements, and provide support to other Emergency Support Functions within the UTNG's capabilities as directed by the State Coordinating Officer.

3. Mission Assignment

When all available State resources are exhausted and/or a mission exceeds an ESF's capabilities, the ESF's representative will ask for assistance from the Operations Section of the State EOC. Operations will validate the request and inform the Joint Directorate of Military Support (JDOMS) of the requirement. This request will be forwarded to the JOC for immediate staffing and validation to determine the ability to support the request. If the UTNG can support the request, TAG will determine the number of personnel and type of equipment necessary through the appropriate commander. The task for commander contacts the supported agency's Incident Commander for coordination. Simultaneously, the JOC will notify the JDOMS representative of acceptance of the request and will maintain continued coordination.

4. United States Department of Defense

During catastrophic disasters requiring a large federal Department of Defense response, TAG and his staff will serve as the liaison between the State of Utah and the Defense Coordinating Officer (DCO) and the Reserve Component Emergency Preparedness Liaison Officer (EPLO) (US Reserves; Army, Air Force, and Navy.) As the State's first line military response in times of disaster and civil emergency, the UTNG will closely coordinate with the Active Component military to ensure mutual support during federal disaster relief operations.

D. Organization

The UTNG, as the primary agency for ESF #16, will conduct crisis action planning to determine the appropriate subordinate unit(s) or force package(s) required for the specific event. This will likely result in a task force organization designed to meet the mission objectives of the military support operation.

E. Notification

1. Emergency Support Function #16, Military Support, will be activated upon notification from the Utah Division of Emergency Management (DEM) of an emergency condition requiring personnel and/or resources of the UTNG. The DEM, through the State EOC, will make initial notification to the designated ESF #16 representative. The State EOC will directly notify ESF #16 representatives utilizing phone, pager, radio, or email or through the UTNG JOC.
2. Upon notification of an emergency condition, the UTNG–DOMS will notify TAG who orders the activation of personnel and equipment as necessary to provide military support. Simultaneously, the State EOC will notify State Emergency Response Team (SERT) members, as required, and have them report to the State EOC.
3. Based upon the magnitude of the UTNG activation, directors and staff will be activated and advised to report to the UTNG JOC. Staffing within the JOC will be dictated by mission requirements.
4. As UTNG units are activated, the Adjutant General will appoint an Area or Task Force Commander. The Task Force Commander will assume operational command and control of all UTNG assets operating within the incident area. The Task Force Commander will receive all mission taskings from the UTNG JOC.
5. UTNG units will utilize existing unit alert and mobilization plans to assemble troops at their home station. State Active Duty orders will be forwarded through military channels to the Commanding Officer of the unit or units mobilized.

F. Actions

1. Mitigation

UTNG, ESF # 16, will develop supporting plans to specific emergency or contingency requests and conduct regular training, exercises, and assessments in order to identify limitations and shortfalls, improve existing capabilities and increase the readiness of the UTNG.

2. Prevention

UTNG JOC will maintain continuous situational awareness of events that may either impact or involve UTNG personnel, equipment, or infrastructure, and will conduct internal activities to deter, defend, and/or mitigate the consequences of a natural or manmade disaster which threatens Homeland Security.

3. Response

- (a) All UTNG units are potentially available to provide limited support to civilian authorities during times of emergency or disasters. The UTNG is task organized to support minor, major, or catastrophic emergencies/disasters. However, any UTNG element may be modified to create special task force organizations and attached to other units in order to enhance the element's organic capability providing greater support during emergencies. Examples of requests the UTNG is capable of responding to include:

- Civilian Evacuation Support
- Search and Rescue
- Transportation of Supplies and Services (Air & Ground)
- Fixed and Rotary Aviation Operations
- Distribution Points and Logistical Staging Areas
- Emergency Mass Feeding
- Emergency Communications
- Civil-Military Engineering Support
- Debris Removal
- Installation Support
- Comfort Stations
- Water Supply and Purification
- Environmental Assistance
- Firefighting Assistance
- Emergency Medical Support
- Initial Damage Assessment and Reconnaissance
- Postal Augmentation
- Radiological Monitoring and Reporting
- Hazardous Materials Response Assistance
- Explosive Ordnance Disposal
- Decontamination Assistance
- Riot Control
- Critical Infrastructure Protection and Site Security
- Special Security Events
- Language/Linguist Support
- Sensitive Courier Support
- Technical Escort
- Traffic Control, Checkpoints and Roadblocks
- Volunteer and Donations Warehousing and Distribution support

- (b) Equipment and personnel in a company or below will be organized into task force(s) to support request.

4. Recovery

- (a) Recovery operations begin the process of restoring community infrastructure and services (both municipal and commercial) to pre-disaster status. The UTNG will continue to provide military support to lead agencies during the recovery phase until services can be contracted by the private sector and State/Local authorities regain control. UTNG forces will redeploy or terminate as operations transition from the response and recovery to restoration.
- (b) Upon availability of civilian assets, and at the discretion of TAG, UTNG resources will return to home station for refit, reset and demobilization.

Commanders will identify and submit expenditures and other logistical costs to the appropriate State authority for reimbursement.

V. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Primary Agency and Responsibilities for ESF #16

Primary Agency	Responsibilities
<p>Utah National Guard</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provides Military Support Coordination representation to the SERT. The JDOMS and his/her liaison team will advise the State EOC on UTNG capabilities and resources, the ongoing mission status, troop numbers, estimated daily costs, and legal considerations. • Provides Military Support to Civil Authorities on a mission request basis, within the UTNG’s capability and within the limitations of existing State law, military regulations, and the applicable Governor’s Executive order. • The UTNG will, on request to provide support, act upon a requirement as stated previously.

Support Agencies and Responsibilities

Support Agencies	Responsibilities
<p>ESF # 1: Transportation</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assigns JFHQ-UT personnel to ESF #1 duty schedule in the State EOC. • Provides available air and ground transportation resources and transportation/mobility-related technical and specialty support and coordination. • Provides security for the movement of personnel, equipment of supplies in support of local or state officials with organic National Guard transportation assets. • Coordinates airlift/air movement of supplies and personnel with organic National Guard Rotary and Fixed-Wing Aviation assets. • Coordinates Emergency Debris Removal

ESF # 2: Communications

- Provides critical interagency communications support as indicated in the JFHQ-UT Emergency Communications Plan.
- Provides deployable communications interoperability suites and liaison teams capable of independent communication with National Guard headquarters.
- Provides deployable manpower and equipment to

Support Agencies	Responsibilities
	support communications infrastructure needs. JFHQ-UT will specifically provide communications equipment, personnel, and facilities.
ESF # 3: Public Works and Engineering	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provides Civil-Military Engineering personnel to support the ESF #3 duty schedule in the State EOC. • Provides public works and engineering resource support for the ESF #3 mission. JFHQ-UT will specifically provide public works and engineering equipment, personnel, and facilities. • Provides civil-military engineering support to rescue operations. • Provides repair or stabilization to infrastructure to facilitate safety, housing or movement of follow on elements (roads, pipes, buildings, slopes, rivers.) • Provides debris removal and topographical engineering in support of transportation infrastructure recovery with organic equipment. • Provides engineer support to waste disposal engineers. • Provides public works and engineering technical and specialty resources to support public works infrastructure needs. • Provides liaison to State civil engineering elements and to US Army Corps of Engineers. • Provides civil engineer survey crews capable of assessing damage to civil infrastructure. • Provides technical expertise to restore utilities and public works (HVAC, energy, power, water treatment, etc.)
ESF # 4: Fire Fighting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provides manpower and equipment to support fire fighting operations. • Provides transportation assets to move personnel and equipment to fire fighting staging areas. • Provides and operates specialized equipment for fire counter-mobility under the direction of qualified fire fighting personnel. • Provides water bucket/fire retardant support via rotary wing and fire fighting assets. • Provides red card qualified troops as a labor resource under the direction of qualified fire fighting

Support Agencies	Responsibilities
	<p>personnel.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides logistical support areas.
<p>ESF # 5: Information and Planning</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides JFHQ-UT personnel and equipment to State EOC as well as during field deployments (i.e., Liaisons, Special Technical Organizations, National Guard Response Forces, Task Forces, etc.) Integrates and coordinates with JFHQ-UT personnel to provide planning and interagency coordination to State EOC. The JFHQ-UT JOC maintains situational awareness, coordinates Situation Reports and provides mission assignments. Provides operational support to SERT and rapid disaster assessment teams. Provides technical survey teams capable of collecting disaster intelligence and assessing environmental hazards and operational risk conditions. Provides available logistical support and transportation support to SERT via ground, fixed or rotary wing assets. Provides aerial reconnaissance and survey of disaster impact areas for incident response managers or to provide verbal, imagery, or infrared support to incident intelligence.
<p>ESF # 6: Mass Care Volunteer and Donations Coordination Team (affiliated with ESF #6)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides installation and facilities support for emergency shelter and equipment. Provides fixed National Guard installations and facilities capable of temporarily sheltering evacuees and displaced persons until civilian capabilities return or they can be evacuated. Provides climate controlled storage facilities and warehouses as available and required to support emergency response. Provides support of transportation and security to manage spontaneous volunteers and unsolicited donations
<p>ESF # 7: Resource Management</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coordinates personnel, vehicles, and equipment (communications, security, liaison, storage, distribution, miscellaneous property) resources in support of ESFs 1 through 16, as needed. Provides liaison with state and federal resource

Support Agencies	Responsibilities
	<p>support elements.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provides equipment or supplies for State response to disaster. • Provides security forces to protect critical infrastructure and provide site security of warehouses and distribution sites.
ESF # 8: Health and Medical Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provides medical and health service liaisons in conjunction with State resources and DoD, Veterans Affairs Administration, Department of Homeland Security, and Disaster Medical Assistance Teams to support National Defense Medical System, DHS, Joint Information Center and VA. • Provides transportation and security for distribution of water, food, and medical supplies and personnel. • Provides air or ground distribution of Disaster Medical Stockpile, immunizations, medical supplies, health care providers including movement and distribution security. • Provides security elements for site security in order to quarantine areas and medical facilities, hospitals, and local distribution centers. • Coordinates medical logistics and ambulatory support for casualties and medical personnel.
ESF # 9: Urban Search and Rescue	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provides specialized manpower and technical equipment to support search and rescue operations. • Provides technical search and rescue teams capable of finding, supporting and/or moving stranded personnel to staging or triage areas.
ESF # 10: Hazardous Materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provides specialized manpower and technical equipment support to technological HAZMAT accidents or terrorism events involving the release of Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear, and Explosive materials (CBRNE) as needed. • Provides decontamination and transportation of casualties and remains. • Assesses HAZMAT conditions. • Provides technical assistance to local emergency response personnel. • Advises Incident Commander on recommended protective and mitigation measures.

Support Agencies	Responsibilities
ESF # 11: Agriculture, Food, Cultural, Historic, and Natural Resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assists in transporting water and food supplies. Provides personnel and cargo handling equipment to assist in the operation of ESF #11 warehouse and staging areas. Provides specialized manpower and technical equipment support for water purification as needed. Provides water purification and transportation to distribution points.
ESF # 12: Energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides manpower, vehicles and equipment for the transportation of fuels and supplies in support of the restoration of utilities and energy services.
ESF # 13: Law Enforcement and Security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides manpower, vehicles and equipment to conduct military support of civil law enforcement operations as directed by the Utah Department of Public Safety. Assists the Utah Highway Patrol during civil evacuation operations. Provides response forces trained in non-lethal law enforcement techniques in order to establish and safeguard critical infrastructure and objectives to include but not limited to: roadblocks, traffic control points, crowd control, site security, and logistical transport. Assists guards and law enforcement officials at correctional institutions in restoring order, as required.
ESF # 14: Recovery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides community services support as necessary. Coordinates and mobilizes State Family Readiness Group elements as necessary.
ESF # 15: Public Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides public affairs support as necessary. Assigns UTNG Public Affairs Officer to State Joint Information Center (JIC).
Volunteer and Donations Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides community services support as necessary.